TINY WINE® Gold

Physocarpus opulifolius 'SMPOTWG' pp#28,857, cbraf

Common name: ninebark



Landscape Info:		
USDA/AHS zones:	USDA 3/AHS 7	
Mature height:	3-5′/.9-1.2 m	
Exposure:	Full sun	
Irrigation:	Average	

Features & Benefits:

- Semi-dwarf gold-leaf physocarpus maintains its bright color all season.
- Small leaves give appealing fine texture.
- Disease and burn resistant.
- White flower clusters cover the plant in late spring.
- Native and tolerant of sunny, dry conditions.
- Good for landscaping and cut flower production.



Cultural info:			
pH Level:	5.6 – 6.2		
Nutrient Needs:	Average		
EC (2:1 extract):	0.6 – 0.9		
Light Level:	High		
Watering:	Moderate		
Rooting Out Temp:	65 – 72° F/18.3 – 22.2° C		
Overwintering Temp:	Polyhouse, no heat (where hardy)		
Sales Window:	Spring-fall (late spring bloom)		
Blooms On:	Old wood		
Trimming/pruning:	Trim 2-3 times		
Vernalization:	Required		
Vigor Rating:	Average		
Finish Size	Liner Size	Weeks of Active Growth to Finish	
1 gallon	2 ¼" • 4" • QT	12-14 • 11-13 • 10-12	
2 - 3 gallon	2 ¼" • 4" • QT	18-22 • 16-20 • 14-18	

Grower Tips:

- Blooms on old wood dormant and spring pruning will remove flower buds. However, as foliage is the main attraction, blooming may not entirely dictate sales season.
- Trim 2-4 times the first season to build a good plant body. Stop pruning in late July to allow flower buds to form for sale the following season. Avoid cutting into thick stems.
- Somewhat susceptible to spider mites; use cultural controls to minimize, as well as frequent scouting. Treat outbreaks according to your IPM protocol.
- All yellow physocarpus are moderately susceptible to powdery mildew, so use cultural methods to minimize: space plants appropriately, water only in the morning, provide good air circulation, and clean up all fallen leaves.
- Avoid drought stress, which encourage powdery mildew and may result in unsightly leaf drop.
- Dwarf variety finishes as quickly as other physocarpus but will be a smaller plant.

NOTES: